

## **Mojave National Preserve**

Visitor Study
Spring 1997

#### Report 94

Visitor Services Project
Cooperative Park Studies Unit





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## Mojave National Preserve Visitor Study

Spring 1997

Margaret Littlejohn

Visitor Services Project Report 94

November 1997

Margaret Littlejohn is VSP Coordinator, National Park Service, based at the Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho. I thank Sandy Watson, Mark Patterson, Taylor Pittman, David Martell and the staff of Mojave National Preserve for their assistance with this study. The VSP acknowledges the Public Opinion Lab of the Social and Economic Sciences Research Center, Washington State University, for its technical assistance.

## Visitor Services Project Mojave National Preserve Report Summary

- This report describes part of the results of a visitor study at Mojave National Preserve during April 5-13, 1997. A total of 671 questionnaires were distributed. Visitors returned 527 questionnaires for a 79% response rate.
- This report profiles Mojave National Preserve visitors. A separate appendix has visitors' comments about their visit; this report and the appendix contain a comment summary.
- Half of the visitors (50%) were in family groups. Forty-eight percent of Mojave National Preserve visitors were in groups of two; 20% were alone. Three percent of visitors were in organized tour groups; 5% were with an educational group. Many visitors (44%) were aged 36-55 and 12% were aged 15 years or younger.
- Among Mojave National Preserve visitors, 7% were international visitors. They were from Canada (30%), United Kingdom (18%), Germany (17%) and 12 other countries. United States visitors were from California (69%), Nevada (12%), Washington (2%), 36 other states, Washington, D.C. and Saipan.
- Over one-half of the visitors (54%) were repeat visitors to Mojave National Preserve. More than
  half of the visitors (61%) stayed less than one day. Over one-fourth (29%) stayed three to four
  days. Common activities at Mojave National Preserve were sightseeing (61%), driving paved
  roads (56%), driving unpaved roads (51%), nature study (49%) and day hiking (41%).
- Visitors identified the other places they visited or planned to visit during this trip to Mojave National Preserve. The most listed places were Las Vegas, Nevada; Joshua Tree National Park, California and Baker, California. The places where most visitors started and ended their trip on the day(s) they visited Mojave were Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California and Barstow, California.
- The most visited places in Mojave National Preserve were Kelso Depot (66%), Kelso Dunes (57%) and Hole-in-the-Wall Campground (35%). The southern end of Kelbaker Road was the most used entry (33%) and exit (32%) from the park.
- For the use, importance and quality of services and facilities, it is important to note the number of visitor groups who responded to each question. The most used services or facilities by 412 respondents were the roads (78%), directional signs (57%), park brochure/map (47%) and restrooms (45%). According to visitors, the most important services were RV camping (90% of 30 respondents), roads (85% of 292 respondents), directional signs (79% of 222 respondents) and the park brochure/map (79% of 187 respondents). The best quality services were ranger-assistance from employees (87% of 115 respondents), Baker Visitor Center (81% of 64 respondents) and picnic area (81% of 37 respondents).
- During this visit, the average <u>visitor group</u> expenditure within a one hour drive of the preserve was \$108. The average <u>per capita</u> expenditure was \$33. The median visitor group expenditure (50% of groups spent more; 50% spent less) was \$40.
- Over three-fourths of the visitors (80%) felt the preserve was "not at all crowded" in the number
  of people and vehicles present during their visit. Seventy-one percent of the visitors felt "very
  safe" during their preserve visit. The three most important features/qualities of the preserve
  which visitors identified were wilderness/open space, solitude/quiet and clean air.
- Most visitors (76%) rated the overall quality of services in the park as "good" or "very good."
   Visitors made many additional comments.

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit; phone (208) 885-7129 or 885-7863

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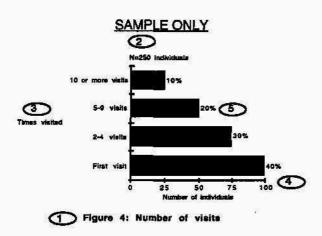
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#### INTRODUCTION

This report describes the results of a study of visitors to Mojave
National Preserve. This visitor study was conducted April 5-13, 1997 by the
National Park Service (NPS) Visitor Services Project (VSP), part of the
Cooperative Park Studies Unit at the University of Idaho.

A *Methods* section discusses the procedures and limitations of the study. A *Results* section follows, including a summary of visitor comments. Next, an *Additional Analysis* page helps managers request additional analyses. The final section has a copy of the *Questionnaire*. The separate appendix includes comment summaries and visitors' unedited comments.

Many of this report's graphs resemble the example below. The large numbers refer to explanations following the graph.



- 1: The figure title describes the graph's Information.
- 2: Listed above the graph, the 'N' shows the number of visitors responding and a description of the chart's information. Interpret data with an 'N' of less than 30 with CAUTION! as the results may be unreliable.
- 3: Vertical information describes categories.
- 4: Horizontal information shows the number or proportions in each category.
- 5: In most graphs, percentages provide additional information.

#### **METHODS**

# Questionnaire design and administration

The questionnaire design used the standard format of previous Visitor Services Project studies. A copy of the questionnaire is included at the end of this report.

Interviews were conducted and questionnaires distributed to a sample of selected visitors visiting Mojave National Preserve during April 5-13, 1997. Visitors completed the questionnaire after their visit and then returned it by mail. Visitors were sampled as they stopped at the Baker Visitor Center, Kelso Depot, Kelso Dunes parking lot, Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center, Hole-in-the-Wall Campground, Mid Hills Campground, Cima Store, and Mojave Road/Cedar Canyon Road Junction (see Table 1).

Table 1: Questionnaire distribution locations percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

Location:	Questionnaire	s distributed
	Number	%
Kelso Depot	203	30
Cima Store	201	30
Kelso Dunes parking lot	77	12
Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center	56	8
Mojave Road/Cedar Canyon Road Jct.	. 47	7
Baker Visitor Center	41	6
Mid Hills Campground	18	3
Hole-in-the-Wall Campground	17	3 3
GRAND TOTAL	671	99%

Visitor groups were greeted, briefly introduced to the purpose of the study and asked to participate. If visitors agreed, the interview took approximately two minutes. These interviews included determining group size, group type and the age of the adult who would complete the questionnaire. This individual was asked his or her name, address and telephone number for the later mailing of a reminder-thank you postcard.

Two weeks following the survey, a reminder-thank you postcard was mailed to all participants. Replacement questionnaires were mailed to participants who had not returned their questionnaires four weeks after the survey. Eight weeks after the survey, a second replacement questionnaire was sent to visitors who had not returned their questionnaires.

Returned questionnaires were coded and the information entered into a computer. Frequency distributions and cross-tabulations were calculated using a standard statistical software package. Respondents' comments were summarized.

Data analysis

This study collected information on both visitor groups and individual group members. Thus, the sample size ('N'), varies from figure to figure. For example, while Figure 1 shows information for 524 groups, Figure 5 presents data for 1,302 individuals. A note above each figure's graph specifies the information illustrated.

Sample size, missing data and reporting errors

Occasionally, a respondent may not have answered all of the questions, or may have answered some incorrectly. Unanswered questions create missing data and cause the number in the sample to vary from figure to figure. For example, although 527 questionnaires were returned by visitors, Figure 1 shows data for only 524 respondents.

Questions answered incorrectly due to carelessness, misunderstanding directions and so forth, turn up in the data as reporting errors. These create small data inconsistencies.

Like all surveys, this study has limitations which should be considered Limitations when interpreting the results.

- 1. It is not possible to know whether visitor responses reflect actual behavior. This disadvantage applies to all such studies and is reduced by having visitors fill out the questionnaire soon after they visit the park.
- 2. The data reflect visitor use patterns of visitors to the selected sites during the study period of April 5-13, 1997. The results do not necessarily apply to visitors during other times of the year.
- 3. Caution is advised when interpreting any data with a sample size of less than 30, as the results may be unreliable. If the sample size is less than 30, the word "CAUTION!" is included in the graph, figure or table.

During the study week, weather conditions at the survey locations in Mojave National Preserve were fairly typical of April with temperatures in the conditions 60's to 70's during the day and 30's to 40's at night. There were occasional strong winds (in excess of 30 mph) during the week.

Special

#### **MOJAVE NATIONAL PRESERVE RESULTS**

### Visitors contacted

At Mojave National Preserve, 732 visitor groups were contacted; 92% (671 groups) accepted questionnaires. A total of 527 visitor groups completed and returned their questionnaires, a 79% response rate.

Table 2 compares information collected from the total sample of visitors contacted and the actual respondents who returned questionnaires. The non-response bias is insignificant.

Table 2: Comparison of total sample and actual respondents

Variable	Total sample		Actual respondents	
	N.	Avg.	N	Avg.
Age of respondent (years)	663	46.5	520	48.1
Group size	642	2.7	524	3.2

#### **Demographics**

Figure 1 shows group sizes, which varied from one person to 60 people. Almost half (48%) of visitors came in groups of two; 20% were alone. Half of the visitors (50%) were with families (see Figure 2). "Other" groups included business associates, Sierra Club, college class, Boy Scouts and boyfriend/girlfriend. Three percent of the visitors were traveling with an organized tour group (see Figure 3). Five percent of the visitors were traveling with an educational group (see Figure 4).

The most common visitor ages were 36-55 years (44%), as shown in Figure 5. Twelve percent of visitors were aged 15 years or younger.

Over one-half of the visitors (54%) said they were repeat visitors (see Figure 6).

International visitors comprised 7% of Mojave visitors. They were from Canada (30%), United Kingdom (18%), Germany (17%) and 12 other countries, as shown in Table 3. United States visitors were from California (69%), Nevada (12%), Washington (2%), 36 other states and Washington, D.C. and Saipan, as shown in Map 1 and Table 4.

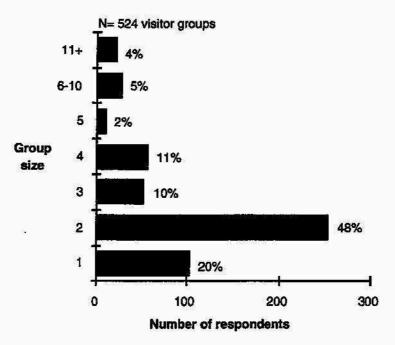


Figure 1: Visitor group sizes

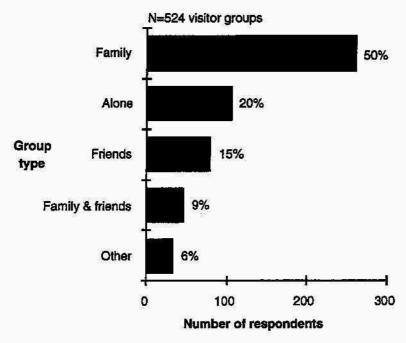


Figure 2: Visitor group types

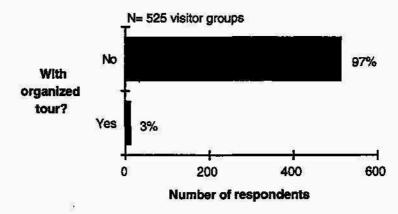


Figure 3: Visitors traveling with an organized tour group

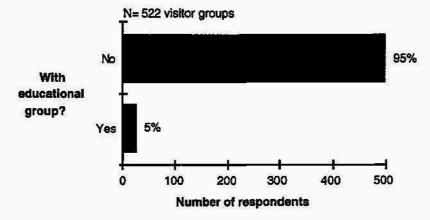


Figure 4: Visitors traveling with an educational group

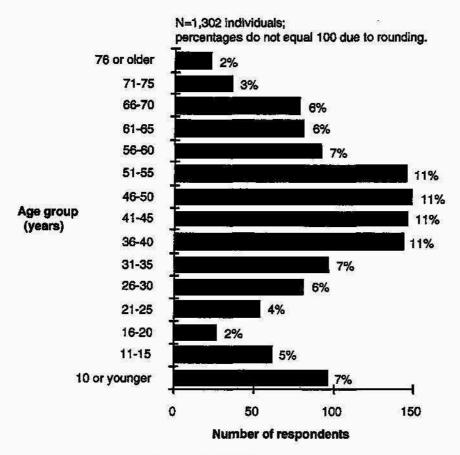


Figure 5: Visitor ages

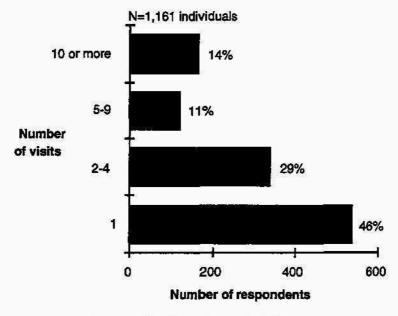
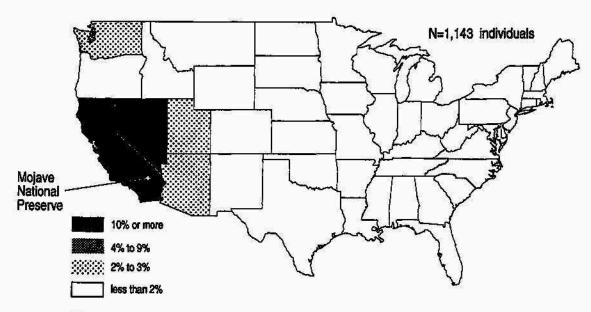


Figure 6: Number of visits

Table 3: Proportion of visitors from each foreign country
N=87 individuals;
percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

Country	Number of individuals	% of international visitors	% of total visitors
Canada	26	30	2
United Kingdom	16	18	1
Germany	15	17	4
France	7	8	1
Belgium	4	5	ત
Holland	4	5	J
Austria	2	2	
Finland	2	2	
Norway	2 2	2	
Philippines	2	2	
Spain	2	2	
Switzerland	2	2	
Denmark	· •	<u>7</u>	
Egypt	1	1	
Sweden	× <b>1</b>	1	



Map 1: Proportion of United States visitors from each state

Table 4: Proportion of United States visitors from each state N=1,143 individuals; percentages do not equal 100 due to rounding.

State	Number of individuals	% of U.S. visitors	% of total visitors
California	784	69	64
Nevada	133	12	11
Washington	27		
Arizona	20	2	2
Utah	18	2 2 2	2 2 2
Colorado	14	7	<b>4</b>
Illinois	13	í	1
Florida	12	1	Ť
New York	10	i	e <b>d</b>
Indiana		i	Ť
Wyoming	9 9 8 7	i	i
Oregon	8	i	•
Michigan	Ž	i	Ý
Pennsylvania	7	i	Ť
Maryland	6	i	i
Minnesota	6	i	4
Louisiana	6 5	<1	<1
Massachusetts	4	<1	
Montana	4	રો	•
West Virginia	4 4	ત	
Wisconsin	<b>a</b>	રો	
Other states (18) + Washing		7.3	
Saipan	39	3	3

Visitors were asked how long they stayed in Mojave National Preserve. More than half of the visitors (61%) stayed less than one day (see Figure 7). Over one-fourth (29%) stayed three to four days. Four percent stayed seven days or more.

Length of stay

Of those visitor groups who spent less than one day in the park, 52% stayed two to four hours (see Figure 8). Another 29% stayed six hours or more.

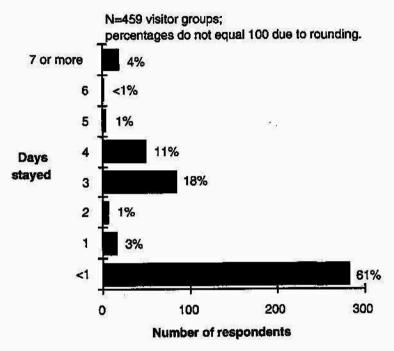


Figure 7: Length of stay (days)

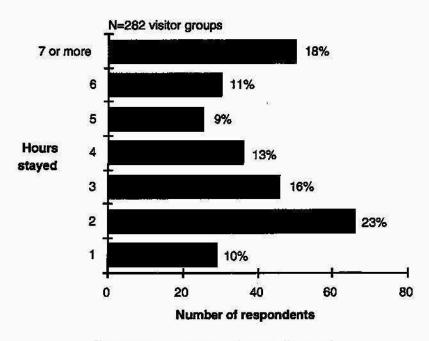


Figure 8: Length of stay (hours)

#### Activities

During this visit, common visitor activities included sightseeing (61%), driving paved roads (56%), driving unpaved roads (51%), nature study (49%) and day hiking (41%), as shown in Figure 9. The least common activity was horseback riding (<1%). Nineteen percent of the visitors identified "other" activities they did including photography, visiting dunes, observing Hale-Bopp comet, visiting Mitchell Caverns, watching trains, picnicking and birding.

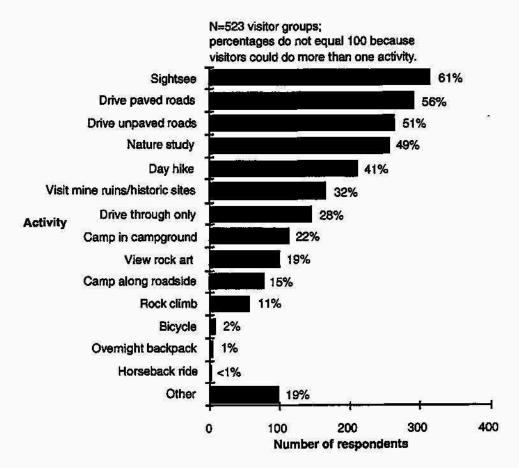


Figure 9: Visitor activities

Visitors were asked to identify the other places they visited or planned to visit during this trip to Mojave National Preserve. The most listed places were Las Vegas, Nevada (56%), Joshua Tree National Park (35%), Baker, California (34%) and Death Valley National Park (27%), as shown in Figure 10. The least visited place was the factory outlet mall in Barstow, California (6%).

Places visited on trip

Thirty-three percent of the visitors listed "other" places which they visited including Laughlin, Nevada; Palm Springs, California; Afton Canyon, California; Twentynine Palms, California; Mitchell Caverns State Park, California; Anza-Borrego Desert State Park, California; Zion National Park, Utah and many other places.

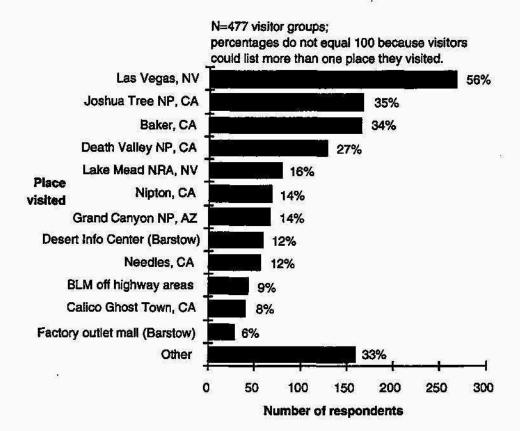


Figure 10: Places visited

Starting point on arrival day/ destination on departure day Visitors were asked "Where did you and your group start your trip on the day you visited Mojave National Preserve?" The most often listed starting points were Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California; and Barstow, California, as shown in Table 5.

Visitors were also asked where they planned to spend the night when they left Mojave National Preserve. The same three towns were the most often listed destinations: Las Vegas, Nevada; Twentynine Palms, California; Barstow, California, as shown in Table 6.

Table 5: Starting points on day of visit

N=509 places Number of times mentioned Place 101 Las Vegas, NV 39 Twentynine Palms, CA 29 Barstow, CA 28 Palm Springs, CA 26 Baker, CA 20 Los Angeles, CA 14 Yucca Valley, CA 11 Joshua Tree NP, CA 10 Desert Hot Springs, CA 9 Palm Desert, CA 9 San Diego, CA 8 7 7 Laughlin, NV Death Valley NP, CA Needles, CA 7 San Bernardino, CA 6 Cathedral City, CA 5 Primm (Stateline), NV 4 Beaumont, CA 444 Orange County, CA Rancho Mirage, CA Victorville, CA 33333 Apple Valley, CA Bakersfield, CA Boulder City, NV Covina, CA Kelso, CA 3333 Nipton, CA St. George, UT Santa Barbara, CA Santa Clarita, CA 3 Walnut, CA 2 Arcadia, CA 2 Bishop, CA 2 Borrego Springs, CA

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Bulinead City, AZ		2
Flagstaff, AZ		2
Fullerton, CA		2
Fresno, CA		2
Hemet, CA		2
Indio, CA		2
Lancaster, CA		2
Loma Linda, CA		2
Long Beach, CA		2
Mojave, CA	30	2
Morongo Valley, CA		2
Pahrump, NV		2
San Francisco, CA		5
Tecopa, CA		0
Yermo, CA		2
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Anaheim, CA		4
Apache Junction, AZ		1
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Big Bear, CA	*	i
Blythe, CA		i
Brian Head, UT		1
Bryce Canyon, UT	€	1
Canyon Country, CA		i
Carlsbad, CA		i
Cedar City, UT	10.	i
Cima, CA		1
Claremont, CA		i
Clifton, CO		1
Crestline, CA		1
Downey, CA		i
Eagle Rock, CA		1
Escalante, CA		1
Essex, CA		i
Fremont, CA		1
Garden Grove, CA		1
Glendora, CA		1
Helena, MT		1
Huntington Beach, CA		i
Incline Village, UT		1
Ivanpah, CA		1
Jackpot, NV		1
Julian, CA	3	i
La Quinta, CA		1
Kingman, AZ		
La Verre, CA	9	1
Laguna Beach, CA		1
Lake Elizabeth, CA		1
Lake Forest, CA	4	i
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Parker, AZ			1
Phoenix, AZ			1
Playa del Rey, CA			1
Providence Mts., CA			1
Redondo Beach, CA			1
Richfield, UT			1
Running Springs, CA			1
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Seal Beach, CA			
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Searchlight, NV			
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Yuma, AZ		35	1
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Table 6: Destinations on departure day N=502 places

Place	Number of times mentioned
Las Vegas, NV	127
Twentynine Palms, CA	34
Barstow, CA	17
Laughlin, NV	17
Baker, CA	16
Los Angeles, CA	15
Joshua Tree NP, CA	14
Palm Springs, CA	14
Death Valley NP, CA	13
	9
Primm (Stateline), NV	
San Diego, CA	. 8
Paim Desert, CA	9
Yucca Valley, CA	<u> </u>
San Bernardino, CA	5
Bakersfield, CA	4
Bullhead City, CA	4
Desert Hot Springs, CA	665444444444333333333333333333333333333
Indio, CA	4
Jean, NV	4
Long Beach, CA	4
Needles, CA	4
Pahrump, NV	4
Victorville, CA	. 4
Boulder City, NV	3
Covina, CA	3
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Lake Faest, CA		1
Lake Mead NRA, NV	©	1
Landers, CA		3
Loma Linda, CA		3
Lakewood, CA		1
Little Rock, CA		1
Logan, UT		1
Ludlow Campground, CA		1
Malibu, CA		1
Mojave, CA		1
Monrovia, CA		1
Morgan Hill, CA		1
Newberry Spring, CA		1
Norris Camp, CA		1
Oceanside, CA		
Overton, NV		1
Palo Alto, CA		1
Panaca, NV		1
		•

Mojave National Preserve Visitor Study	April 5-13, 1997
Parker, AZ	4
Phoenix, AZ	
Pinon Hills, CA	
Pioneer Town, CA	i
Provo, UT	
Running Springs, CA	
Salton City, CA	i i
San Clemente, CA	
San Luis Obispo, CA	
San Marino, CA	
Santa Monica, CA	
Sherman Oaks, CA	<b>1</b>
Sierra Madre, CA	<b>~</b>
Stockton, CA	i
Sunnyvale, CA	i
Tehachapi, CA	i i
Temple Bar, AZ	4
Temple City, CA	i
Thousand Oaks, CA	Ĩ
Three Rivers, CA	ĺ
Torrance, CA	j
Tucson, AZ	Î
Turlock, CA	1
Vancouver, BC	Ĭ
West Valley, UT	4
Westminster, CA	4
Woody, CA	* <del>1</del>
Yermo, CA	1
Yuma, AZ	×1
Zion NP, UT	
Żzyzx, CA	55 S
California (unspecified places)	2
Unplanned	1 1 2 2
Nevada (unspecified place)	ī

Places visited in preserve

Visitors were asked to identify the places they visited in Mojave National Preserve. About two-thirds of the visitors (66%) stopped at Kelso Depot (see Figure 11). Kelso Dunes (57%), Hole-in-the-Wall Campground (35%) and Mid Hills Campground (25%) were the next most visited places. Zzyzx was the least visited place (4%).

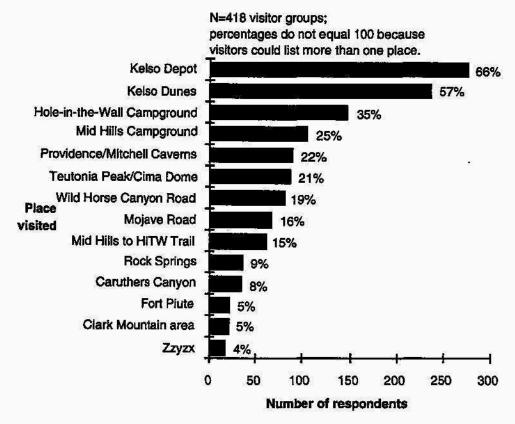


Figure 11: Places visited in preserve

Visitors were asked to identify where they first entered Mojave National Preserve. About one-third of the visitors (33%) entered the preserve at the southern end of Kelbaker Road (see Figure 12). Less than one-fourth of the visitors (22%) entered from the north at Ivanpah Road. The least used entrance was Goffs (3%).

First entry/ exit locations in preserve

Visitors were asked where they left Mojave National Preserve. The southern end of Kelbaker Road was the most used exit (32%) from the preserve (see Figure 13). The next most used exit was Ivanpah Road (24%). The least used exit was Goffs (3%).

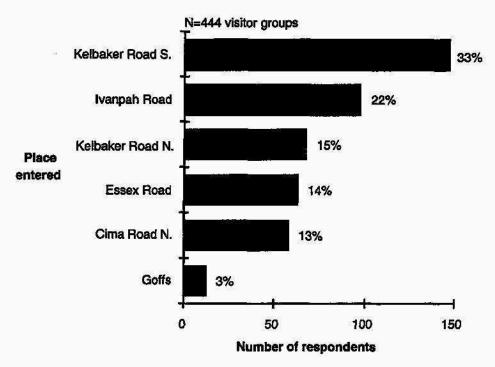


Figure 12: First entry locations

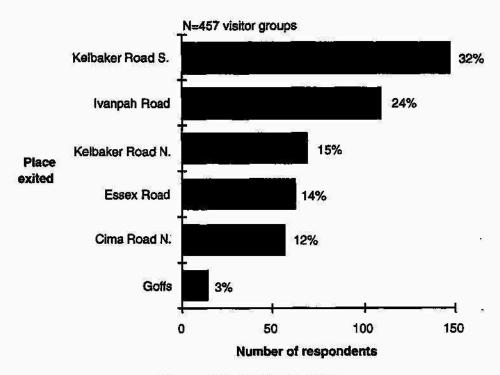


Figure 13: Exit locations

The most commonly used visitor services and facilities at Mojave National Preserve were the roads (78%), directional signs (57%), park brochure and map (47%) and restrooms (45%), as shown in Figure 14. The least used service was the ranger-led programs (3%).

Visitor
services and
facilities:
use,
importance
and quality

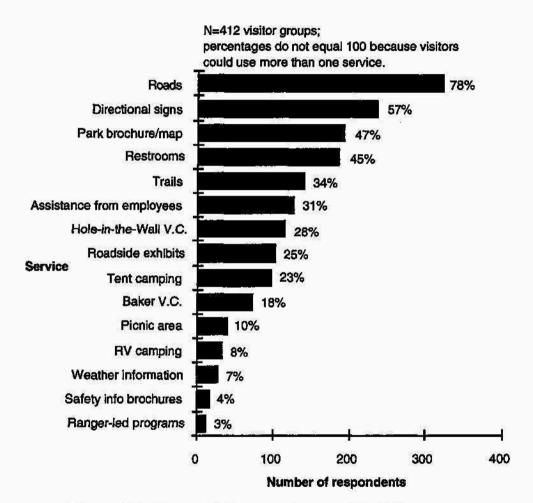


Figure 14: Use of visitor services and facilities

Visitors rated the importance and quality of each of the visitor services and facilities they used. They used the following five point scales (see boxes below).

IMPORTANCE
1=extremely important
2=very important
3=moderately important
4=somewhat important
5=not important

QUALITY
1=very good
2=good
3=average
4=poor
5=very poor

Figure 15 shows the average importance and quality ratings for each service. An average score was determined for each service based on ratings by visitors who used that service. This was done for both importance and quality. The results were plotted on the grid shown in Figure 15. All services were rated above average in importance and quality. Note that four services (ranger-led programs, weather information, safety information brochures and RV camping) were not rated by enough groups to provide reliable information.

Figures 16-30 show that several services received the highest "very important" to "extremely important" ratings: RV camping (90%), roads (85%), directional signs (79%) and park brochure/map (79%). The highest "not important" rating was for picnic areas (13%).

Figures 31-45 show that several services were given high "good" to "very good" quality ratings: assistance from employees (87%), Baker Visitor Center (81%), picnic areas (81%) and tent camping (75%). The services which received the highest "very poor" quality rating were directional signs and restrooms (each 10%).

Figure 46 combines the "very good" and "good" quality ratings and compares those ratings for all of the services.

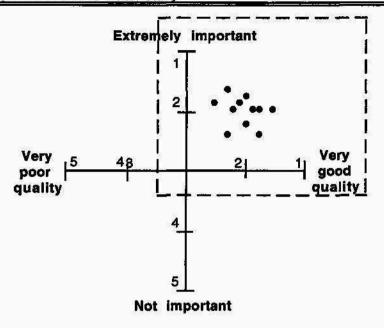


Figure 15: Average ratings of visitor service and facility importance and quality

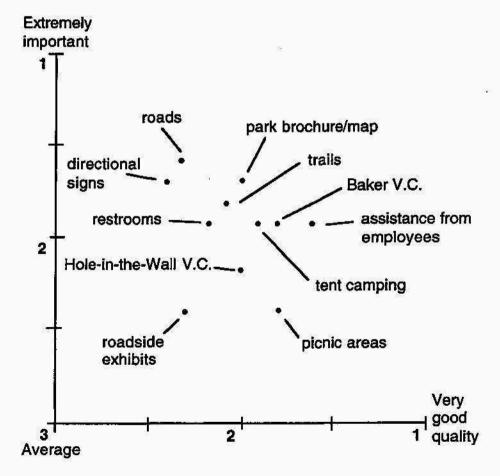


Figure 15: Detail

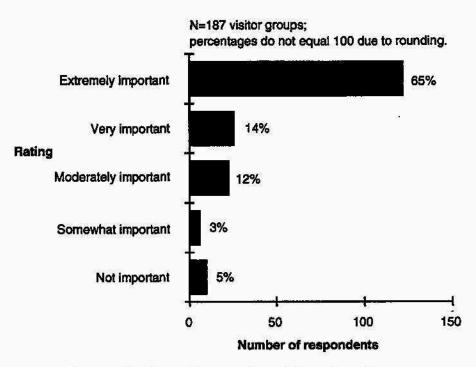


Figure 16: Importance of park brochure/map

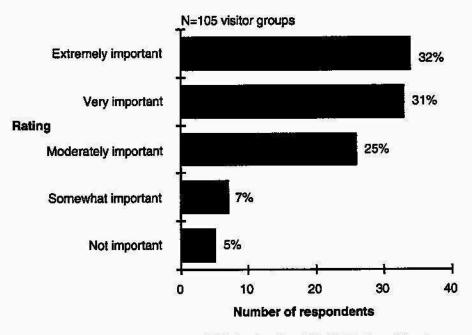


Figure 17: Importance of Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center

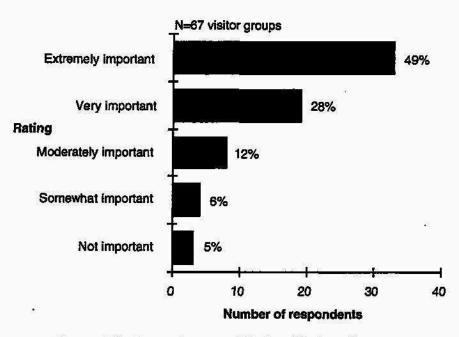


Figure 18: Importance of Baker Visitor Center

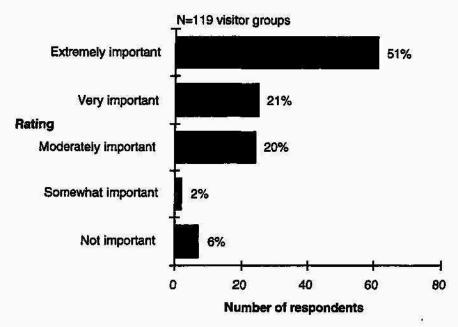


Figure 19: Importance of assistance from park employees

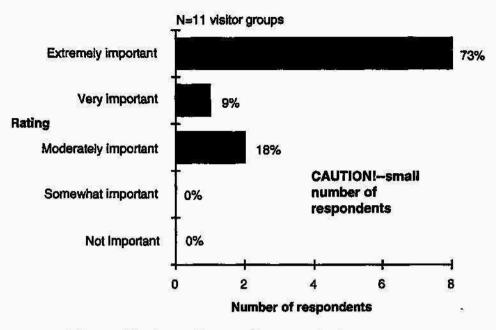


Figure 20: Importance of ranger-led programs

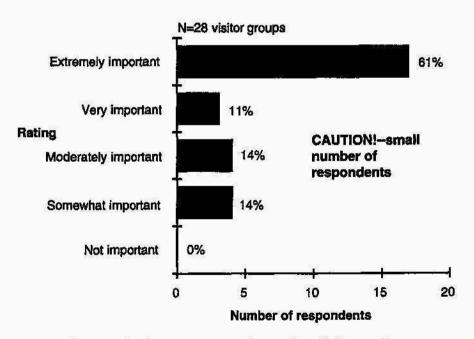


Figure 21: Importance of weather information

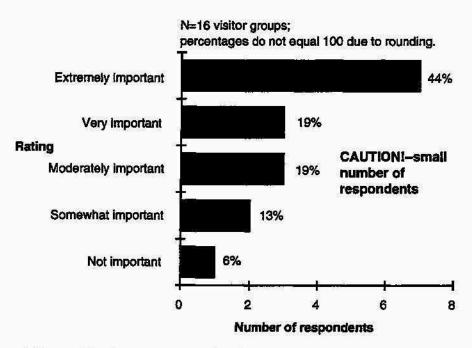


Figure 22: Importance of safety information brochures

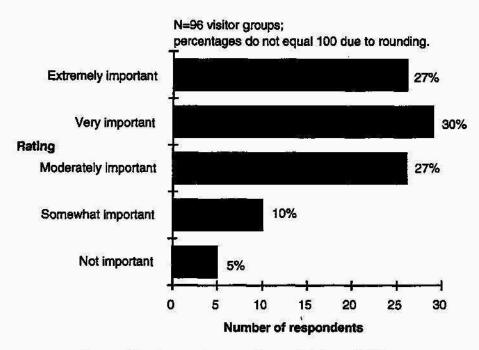


Figure 23: Importance of roadside exhibits

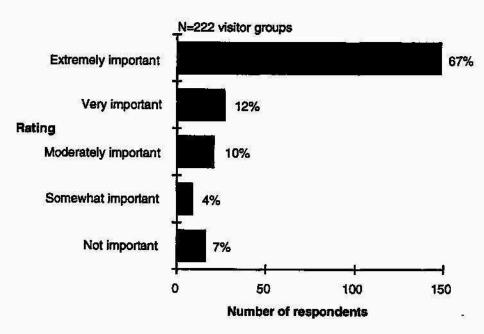


Figure 24: Importance of directional signs

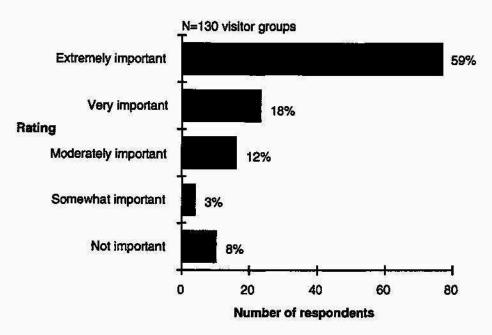


Figure 25: Importance of trails

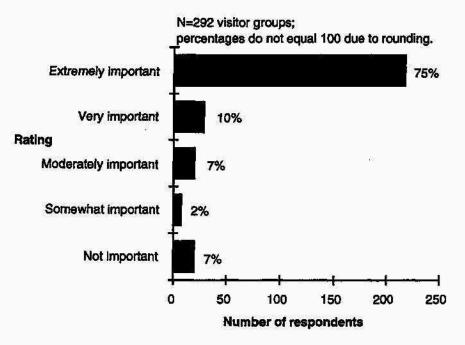


Figure 26: Importance of roads

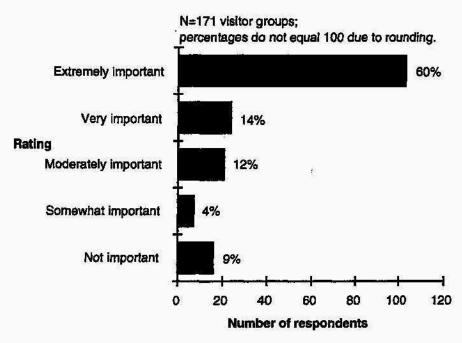


Figure 27: Importance of restrooms

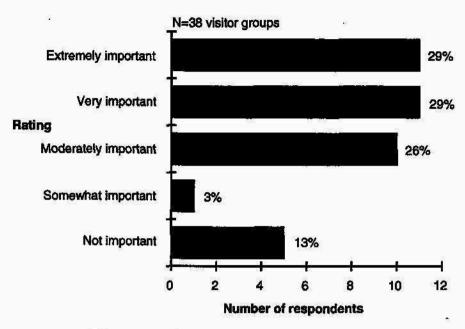


Figure 28: Importance of picnic area

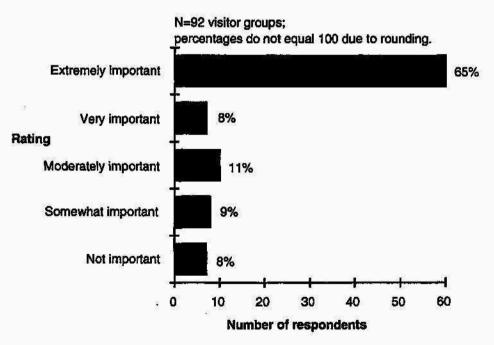


Figure 29: Importance of tent camping

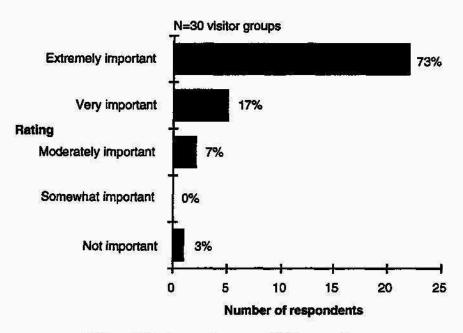


Figure 30: Importance of RV camping

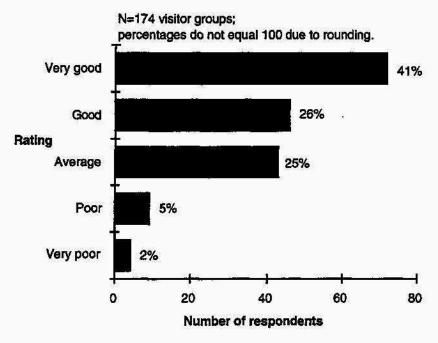


Figure 31: Quality of park brochure/map

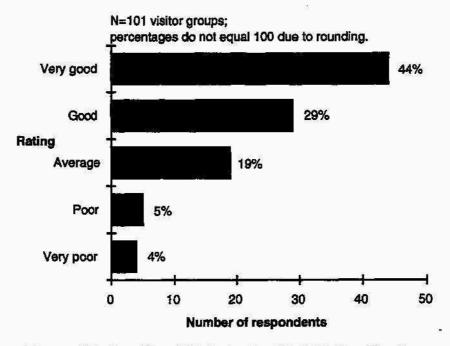


Figure 32: Quality of Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center

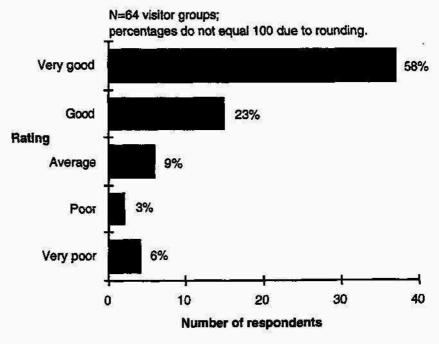


Figure 33: Quality of Baker Visitor Center

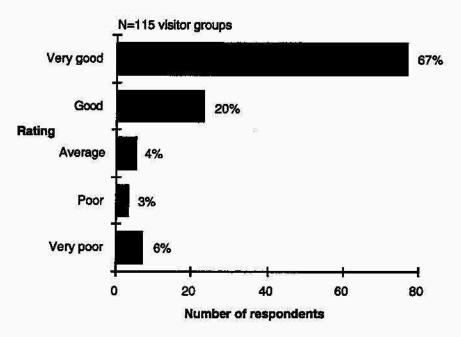


Figure 34: Quality of assistance from park employees

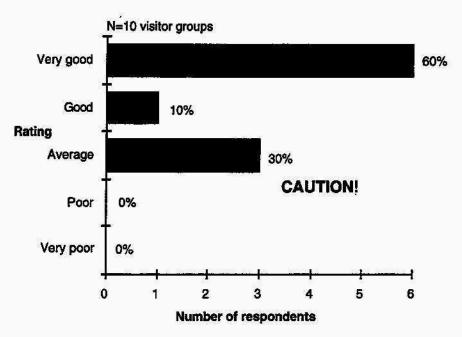


Figure 35: Quality of ranger-led programs

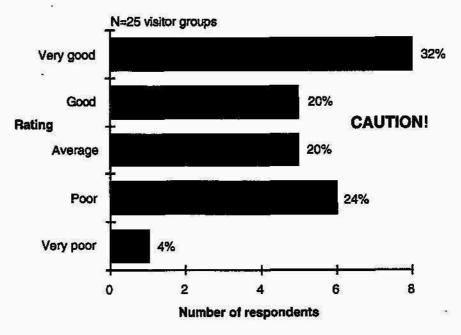


Figure 36: Quality of weather information

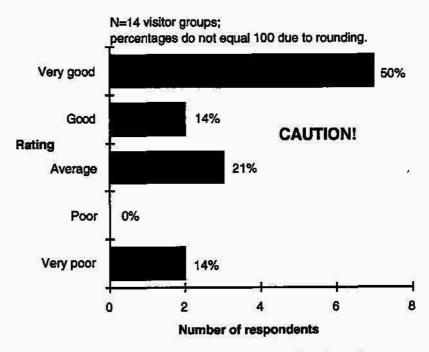


Figure 37: Quality of safety information brochures

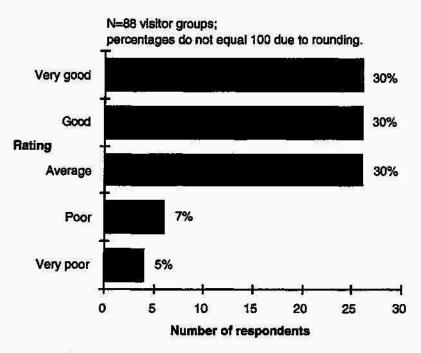


Figure 38: Quality of roadside exhibits

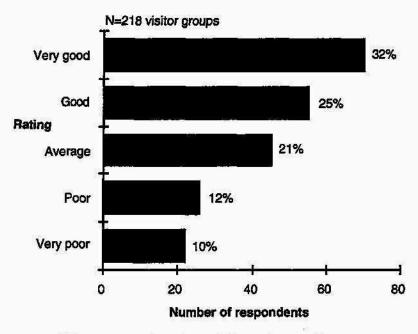


Figure 39: Quality of directional signs

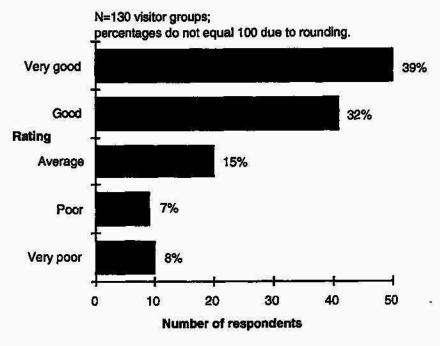


Figure 40: Quality of trails

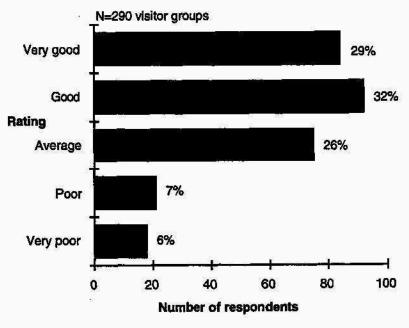


Figure 41: Quality of roads

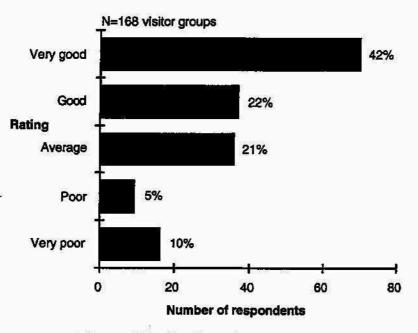


Figure 42: Quality of restrooms

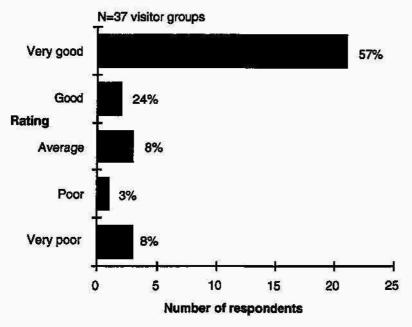


Figure 43: Quality of picnic area

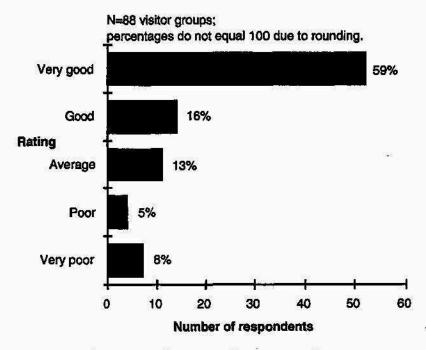


Figure 44: Quality of tent camping

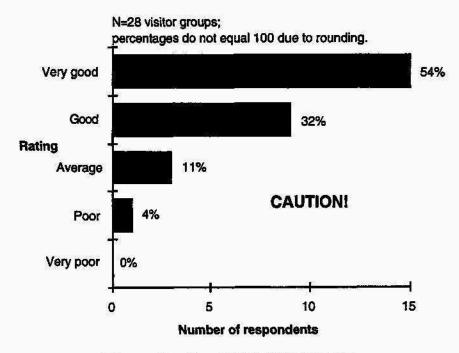


Figure 45: Quality of RV camping

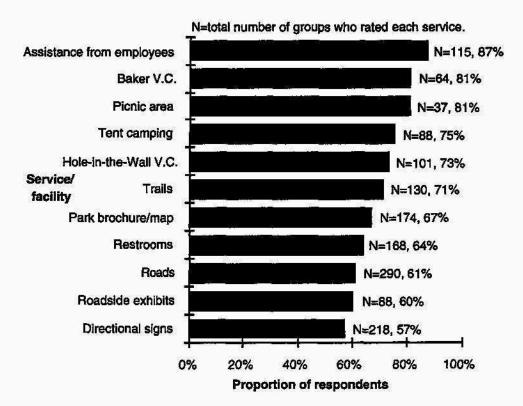


Figure 46: Combined proportions of "very good" and "good" quality ratings for services/facilities used by visitors

## **Expenditures**

During this visit to Mojave National Preserve, visitors were asked to list their expenditures within a one hour drive of the preserve. This area includes Shoshone, Primm (State Line), Needles, Laughlin, Barstow and Twentynine Palms, but not Las Vegas. They were asked how much money they spent for lodging (hotel, motel, camping, etc.), travel (gas, car rental, etc.), food (restaurant, groceries, etc.), and "other" items (souvenirs, books, maps, film, gifts, etc.).

Total expenditures: Over one-third of the visitor groups (38%) spent up to \$50 in total expenditures during this visit (see Figure 47). Another 25% spent from \$51 to \$150 on this visit.

The largest proportion of visitors' money was spent for travel (33%) and lodging (30%), as shown in Figure 48.

**Lodging**: Fifty-nine percent of visitors spent no money for lodging on this visit (see Figure 49). Twenty-three percent spent up to \$50 for lodging during this visit.

<u>Travel</u>: For travel, 64% of the groups spent up to \$50 (see Figure 50). Twenty-three percent spent no money.

Food: For food, 56% of the groups spent up to \$50 (see Figure 51). About one-third (33%) spent no money.

"Other" items: Fifty-nine percent of the groups spent no money for "other" items (see Figure 52). Another 28% spent up to \$25.

During this visit, the average <u>visitor group</u> expenditure within a one hour drive was \$108. The average <u>per capita</u> expenditure was \$33. The median visitor group expenditure (50% of groups spent more; 50% spent less) was \$40.

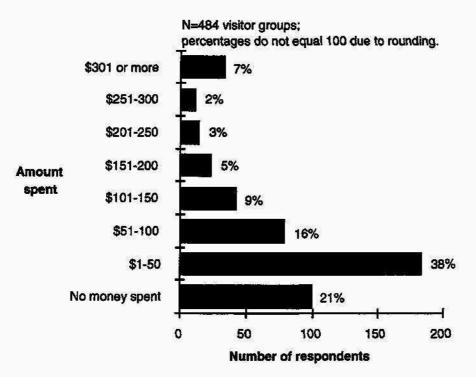


Figure 47: Total expenditures



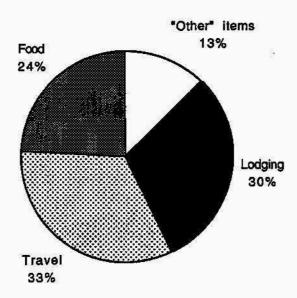


Figure 48: Proportion of expenditures

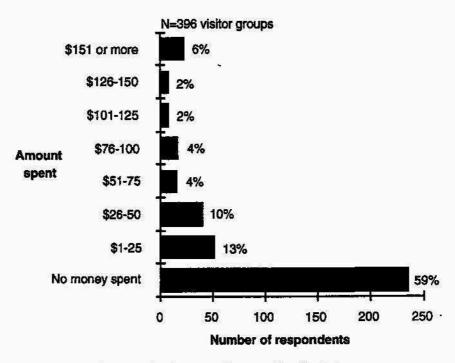


Figure 49: Expenditures for lodging

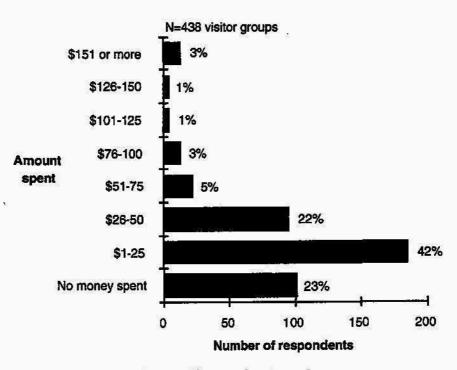


Figure 50: Expenditures for travel

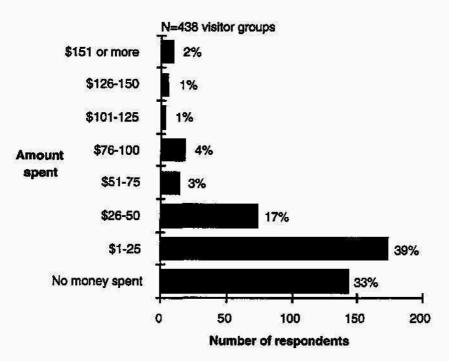


Figure 51: Expenditures for food

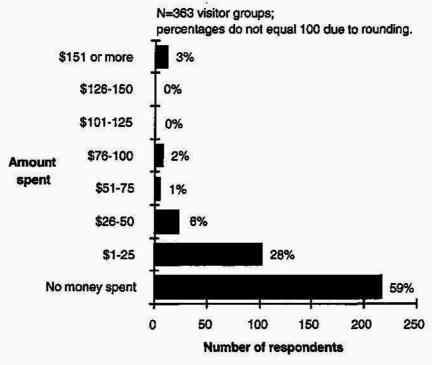


Figure 52: Expenditures for "other" items

Willingness to pay future entrance fee Visitors were asked "If it would increase funds to operate Mojave National Preserve, would you be willing to pay an entrance fee of \$5 to \$10 per vehicle on a future visit?" Forty-three percent of the visitors responded that they would be willing to pay an entrance fee on a future visit (see Figure 53). Over one-third of the visitors (36%) said they would not be willing to pay a fee and 22% were not sure.

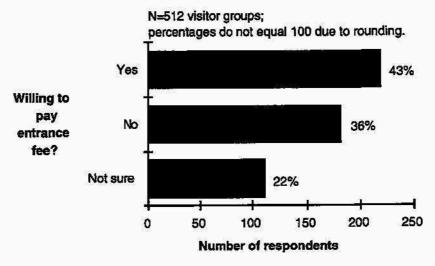


Figure 53: Willingness to pay entrance fee

Visitors were asked how crowded they felt in the number of people and vehicles present during their visit.

Opinions about crowding

Most visitor groups (80%) said they felt "not at all crowded" in the number of people present during their visit (see Figure 54). One percent of the groups feit "extremely crowded."

Visitors gave a similar response in rating the number of vehicles present during their visit. Seventy-seven percent of the visitors felt "not at all crowded" in the number of vehicles present (see Figure 55). Two percent of the groups felt "extremely crowded" by vehicles during their visit.

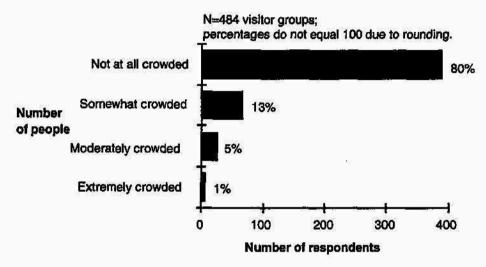


Figure 54: People crowding

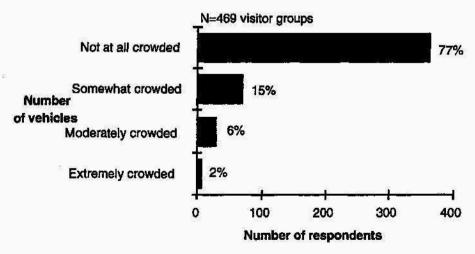


Figure 55: Vehicle crowding

Opinions about preserve safety

Visitors were asked to rate how safe they felt while visiting Mojave National Preserve. Almost three-fourths of the visitors (71%) said they felt "very safe" (see Figure 56). Eighteen percent felt "safe" and 1% felt "very unsafe."

When asked to describe the reasons they felt unsafe, visitors listed the unpaved, rough roads without pullouts and fear of getting stuck, the area's desolation/isolation, and the long distances between services, as shown in Table 7 below.

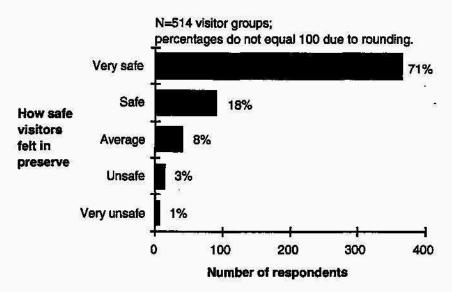


Figure 56: Visitors' safety ratings of the preserve

Table 7:	Reasons	for	feeling	unsafe
	N=53 c	omn	nents	

Number of times Comment mentioned Unpaved road conditions, lack of pullouts--afraid of getting stuck 6 Area very desolate 5 5 Distance between services 44443332 Fear of people who might help/use the area Cattle/other animals in road Lack of law enforcement officers/other help Snakes Lack of directional signs Lack of people Speeding cars Desert/heat 2 Lack of light on highway 2 Risk of falling off rocks 6 Other comments

Visitors were asked to rate the importance of certain park features or qualities during their visit to Mojave National Preserve. The features or qualities included scenic vistas, desert experience, viewing wildlife, viewing wildflowers, clean air, solitude/quiet, wilderness/open space, stargazing/ night sky, historic/prehistoric site preservation, touring 4 X 4 backcountry unpaved roads and hunting.

Importance of park features or qualities

As shown in Figures 57-67, the qualities which received the highest "very important" and "extremely important" ratings were wilderness/open space (87%), solitude/quiet (86%) and clean air (84%). The feature which received the highest "not important" rating was hunting (87%).

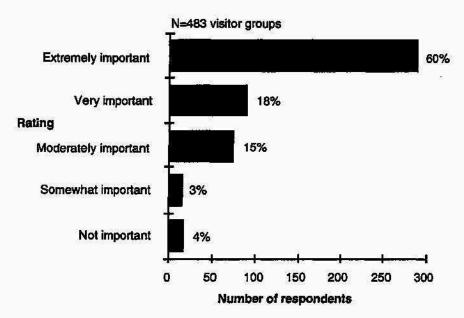


Figure 57: Importance of scenic vistas

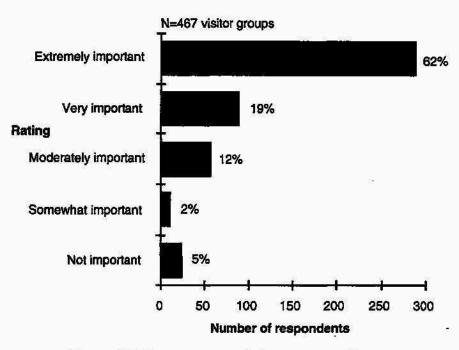


Figure 58: Importance of desert experience

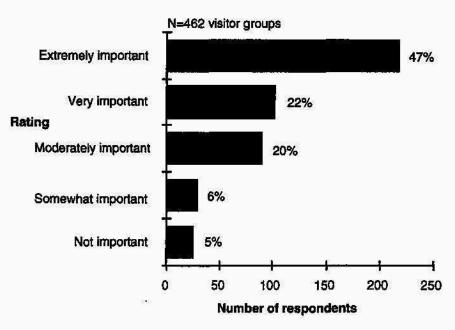


Figure 59: Importance of viewing wildlife

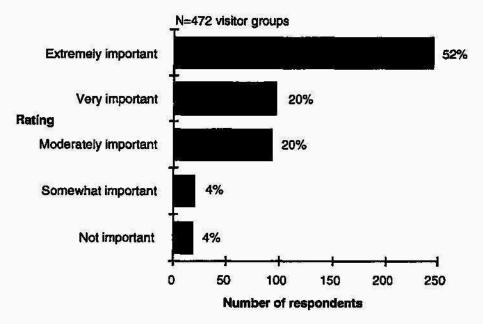


Figure 60: Importance of viewing wildflowers

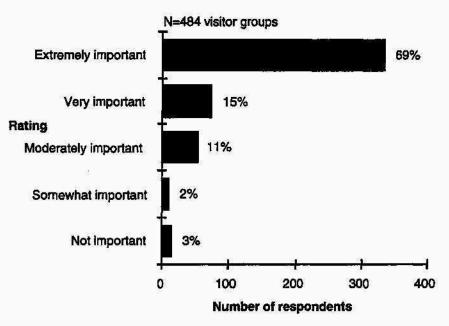


Figure 61: Importance of clean air

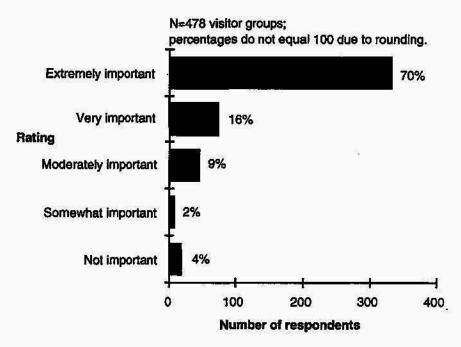


Figure 62: Importance of solitude/quiet

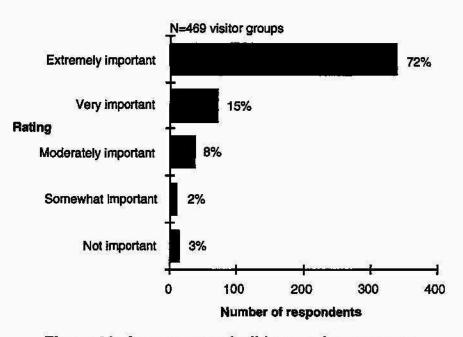


Figure 63: Importance of wilderness/open space

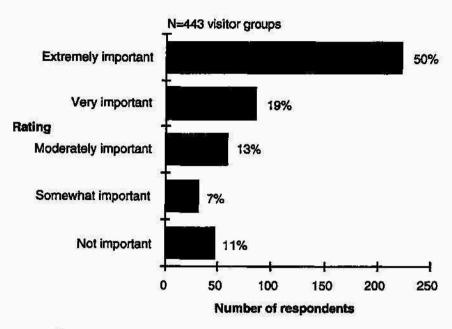


Figure 64: Importance of stargazing/night sky

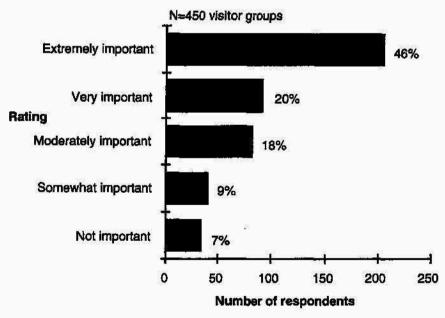


Figure 65: Importance of historic/prehistoric site preservation

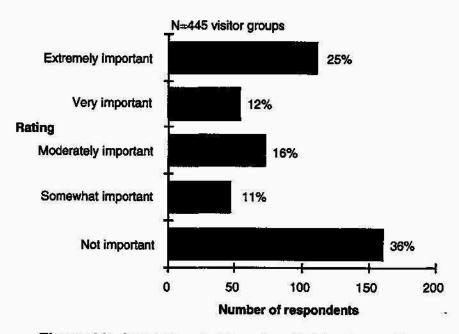


Figure 66: Importance of touring 4x4 backcountry unpaved roads

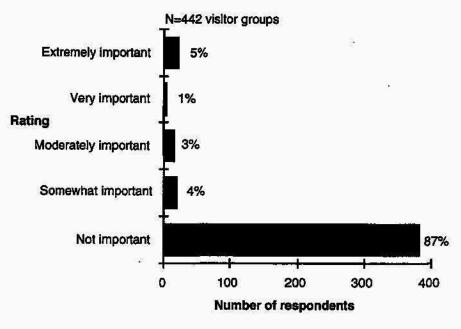


Figure 67: Importance of hunting

Visitors were asked whether they would like to see more, less or the present number of facilities in the preserve on a future visit. The facilities they were asked about included visitor centers, restrooms, campgrounds, picnic areas, roads, pullouts, directional signs, roadside exhibits and trails.

For each of the facilities listed, the greatest proportion of visitors preferred to keep the same number as presently exist (see Figures 68-76).

Opinions
about
number of
preserve
facilities

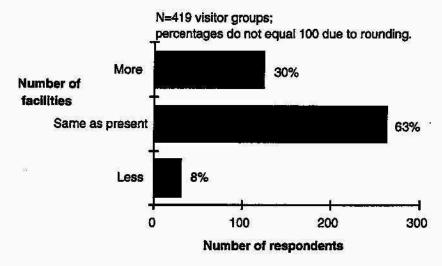


Figure 68: Visitor centers

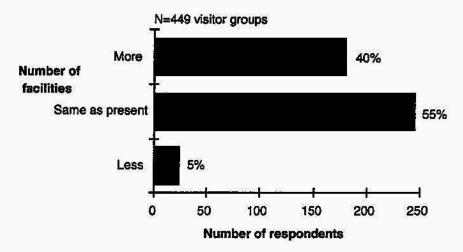


Figure 69: Restrooms

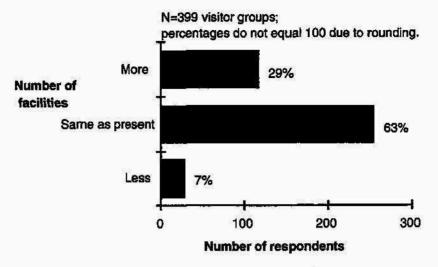


Figure 70: Campgrounds

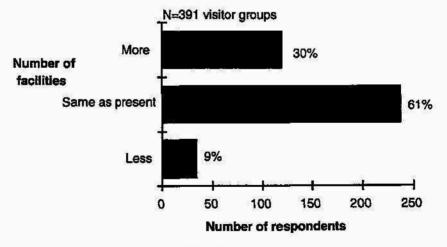


Figure 71: Picnic areas

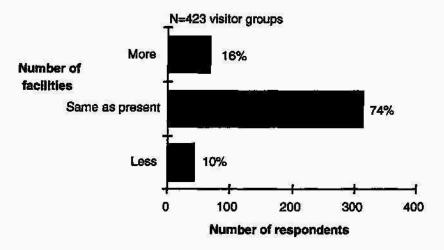


Figure 72: Roads

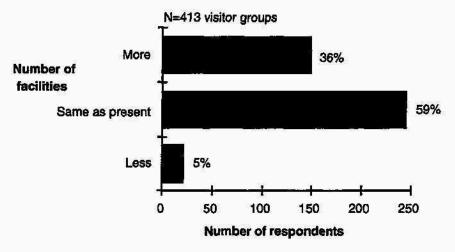


Figure 73: Pullouts

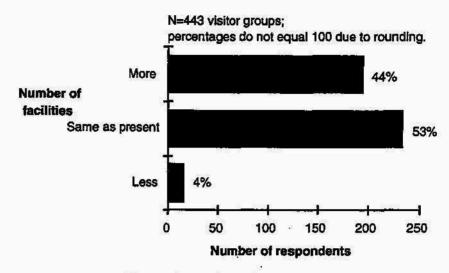


Figure 74: Directional signs

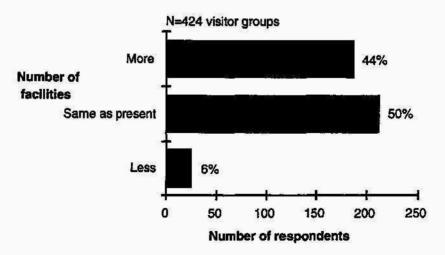


Figure 75: Roadside exhibits

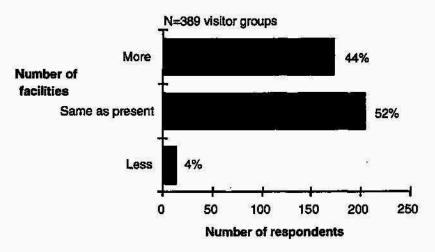


Figure 76: Trails

Overall rating of service quality

Visitors were asked to rate the overall quality of the visitor services provided at Mojave National Preserve during this visit. Most visitors (76%) rated the services as "good" or "very good," (see Figure 77). Two percent of the visitors said the overall quality of services was "very poor."

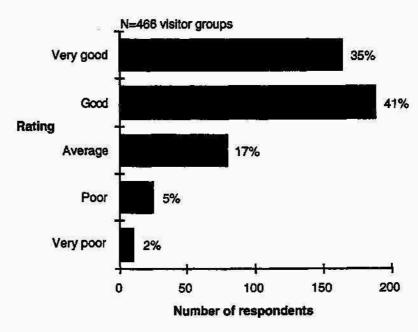


Figure 77: Overall quality rating of services

Visitors were asked "If you were a manager planning for the future of Mojave National Preserve, what would you propose? Please be specific." A summary of the responses from 379 groups is listed in Table 8 below and in the appendix.

Planning for the future

## Table 8: Planning for the future

N=834 comments;
many visitors made more than one comment.

Number of times Comment mentioned PERSONNEL Increase ranger presence Need staff with more specific knowledge 3 Provide full time resident ranger 3 INTERPRETIVE SERVICES Provide more interpretive programs/guided walks 16 Need visitor center within park 12 Provide more information on wildflowers/native flora 11 Educate visitors about balance between desert and humans 10 Advertise preserve more 9 Provide more brochures 9 Provide more roadside interpretive exhibits 9 Provide more history information 8 Provide better quality map 6 Provide information at preserve entrances 6 Provide a road map with points of interest 5 Emphasize importance of not trampling animal habitat 5 4 Provide geology information/exhibits Provide list of locations that sell gas/groceries 3322 Improve trailhead information Provide way to make suggestions Provide topographic maps 2 Provide more access to national park information 2 Provide self-guided tours 2 Post rules Other comments **FACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE** Restore Kelso Depot 25 Improve road conditions 20 Provide more directional signs on roads 21 Increase number of campgrounds 20 Improve directional signs 14 Create better/more trails 13 Do not pave any more roads 11 Do not build any more facilities 9 Provide water in campgrounds 8 8 Keep roadside/primitive camping

Comment	Number of times mentioned
Add restrooms at Kelso Dunes and Kelso Depot	7
Provide camping at Kelso Depot	6
Pave/improve road to Kelso Dunes	6 6 6 6 6 5 5 5 4
Maintain roads	6
Provide more pullouts	6
Provide phones for emergencies	6
Provide more picnic areas	5
Improve handicapped accessibility	5
Keep backcountry trails network	5
Good balance of paved and unpaved roads Primitive camping for motor homes	4
Provide covered shelter in campgrounds	4
Provide restrooms in primitive campgrounds	7
Provide better signage on some roads	3
Add primitive camping	3
Provide water at Kelso	3
Encourage dispersed camping	3
Keep roads and trails in present condition	3
Provide more rest areas	3
Indicate unpaved road conditions	4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Roads scarypoorly maintained	2
Keep facilities in great shape as they are	2
Do not provide improved campsites	2
Add more 4 X 4 roads	2
Add trees & shrubs to Hole-in-the-Wall Campground	2
Make entrance more inconspicuous	2
Provide more signs for ORV roads Other comments	13
PRIVATE BUSINESSES	
Establish gas stations/stores	11
Provide hotel in Kelso Depot	4
Provide medical center/emergency services	3 7
Other comments	7
POLICIES	22
Limit/eliminate off road vehicles	20
Charge entrance/use fee	10
Maintain/increase off road vehicle areas	8 7
Ban hunting Preserve should be managed by BLM	4
Do not charge entrance fee	4
Ban motorized dirt bikes	4
Open more areas to public	4
Do not create too many rules/regulations	3
Fine campers who leave trash	š
Ban shooting	3
Do not allow rock hounding	3
Do not allow dumping	3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Provide year-long passes	2
Punish offenders	2
Ban airplane/helicopter overflights	2
Keep existing dirt roads open	2
Open part of Kelso Dunes to off road vehicles	
Other comments	27

Comment	Number of times mentioned
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	
Keep preserve as it is	57
Keep preserve natural/undeveloped	43
Turn Kelso Depot into a visitor center	30
Phase out cattle grazing	26
Restrict commercial development	20
Limit number of visitors	14
Preserve the solitude	12
Extend wilderness areas	iī
Keep it simple	
Protect wildlife	8
Stop all mining	7
Phase out hunting	A
Keep as wildemess preserve	ĭ
Do not let recreation compromise ecological integrity	Ä
Allow/keep "working" ranches	s s
Eliminate burros	3
Restrict development to reduce excessive vehicle traffic	3
Consider rail access instead of auto	3
Protect plant life	ž
Preserve geology & biology	$\bar{2}$
Other comments	9 8 7 6 4 4 3 3 3 3 2 2 8
GENERAL IMPRESSIONS	
Just driving through	a
Good job	8 2
Other comment	7

## Comment summary

Many visitors (291 groups) wrote additional comments, which are included in the separate appendix of this report. The comments are summarized in Table 9 below and in the appendix. Some comments offer specific suggestions on how to improve the park; others describe what visitors enjoyed or did not enjoy about their visit.

## Table 9: Visitor comment summary

N=582 comments; many visitors made more than one comment.

Comment Numb	per of times mentioned
PERSONNEL	
Rangers helpful and enjoyable	5
Not enough personnel	4
Friendly and knowledgeable ranger at Hole-in-the-Wall	4 2 3
Other comments	3
NTERPRETIVE SERVICES	
Provide more information/brochures about preserve	9
Provide brochures on historic sites	
Provide more roadside exhibits	4
Advertise more	4
Post hours/schedule for visitor centers	3
Provide information at park entrances	2
Provide more information for children/school groups	2
Provide brochures on flora	2
Provide brochures on fauna	2
Provide more maps	2
Provide more information for overseas visitors (foreign language, etc	4 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4
Other comments	4
ACILITIES AND MAINTENANCE	
Don't add any more facilities/buildings	10
Provide more road signs	8
Like primitive camping	
Improve roads	6
Restore Kelso Depot	5
Good roads	5
Improve campgrounds	5
Clean park	5
Enjoyed Hole-in-the-Wall campground	3
Improve road signs	3
Provide more rest areas	2
Improve rest areas	2
Provide more restrooms	2
Warn of limited access on certain roads	6655553322222222
Maintain roads	2
Provide information on road conditions	2
Add campsites	2
Do not create more campsites	2

Comment	Number of times mentioned	
Campgrounds excellent Restore Kelso Depot for new uses Make Kelso Depot a visitor center Campsites were clean Provide showers Hole-in-the-Wall Visitor Center too elaborate/expensive Reduce number of Kelso Dunes parking areas/trails Keep it clean Did not know facilities existed	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Other comments	16	
PRIVATE BUSINESSES Provide gas at Kelso Depot Other comments	2 4	
POLICIES  Keep no fee/no permits needed Do not close off more areas Limit access Expand 4 X 4 access Keep all roads open Charge a user fee Fine violators Campground prices increase with no increase in services Campgrounds expensive Other comments	6 5 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 12	
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT  Enjoyed solitudekeep it uncrowded Don't over-commercialize/overdevelop Glad it's protected Discontinue cattle/grazing Enjoyed seeing wildlife Saw lots of wildflowers and cacti Uncrowded Don't allow mining Did not see any wildlife Protect areas from off road vehicles Saw tortoise Consider wildlife before people Preserve natural ecosystems Wonderful diversity/desert ecology Protect the dunes Like clean air Too crowded Other comments	23 20 16 7 4 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 7	

Comment	Number of time mentione
GENERAL IMPRESSIONS	
Enjoyed visit	57
Beautiful/scenic	41
Visit often	23
Want/plan to come back	22
Keep it like it is	21
Just passing through	15
Did not spend enough time to comment	8
Enjoy the drive	8
Enjoy open space	6
Thank you	5
Enjoyed history	5
Visit was too short	4
Know the area well	4
Saw few people	4
Enjoy opportunity for discovery	3
Kelso Depot is great	3
Enjoyed the desert atmosphere	3
We love the NPS	3
Enjoyed comet/night skies	3-
Saw no traffic	2
Like sense of wilderness	2
Very windy	2
Unaware that it is a preserve	2
The preserve has unrealized potential	2
Enjoyed the simplicity	8655444433333322222222
Keep up the good work	2
Other comments	20

### Mojave National Preserve Additional Analysis VSP Report # 94

The Visitor Services Project (VSP) staff offer the opportunity to learn more from VSP visitor study data.

Additional Analysis:

Additional analysis can be done using the park's VSP visitor study data that was collected and entered into the computer. Two-way and three-way cross tabulations can be made of any of the characteristics listed below. Be as specific as possible--you may select a single program/service/ facility instead of all that were listed in the questionnaire. Include your name, address and phone number in the request.

<ul> <li>Places visited on trip</li> </ul>	Group type	<ul> <li>Travel expenditures</li> </ul>
Activities	• Age	<ul> <li>Food expenditures</li> </ul>
• Length of stay	• Zip code	<ul><li>"Other" expenditures</li></ul>
• Places visited in preserve	Country of residence	Willingness to pay entrance fee
<ul> <li>Entry location</li> </ul>	Number of visits	Crowding - people
• Exit location	<ul> <li>Services/facilities used</li> </ul>	Crowding - vehicles
Group size	Service/facility importance	Preserve safety
• With organized tour group?	<ul> <li>Service/facility quality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Importance of features/qualities</li> </ul>
With educational group?	Total expenditures	<ul> <li>Number of preserve facilities</li> </ul>
	Lodging expenditures	Overall quality of services

#### Database

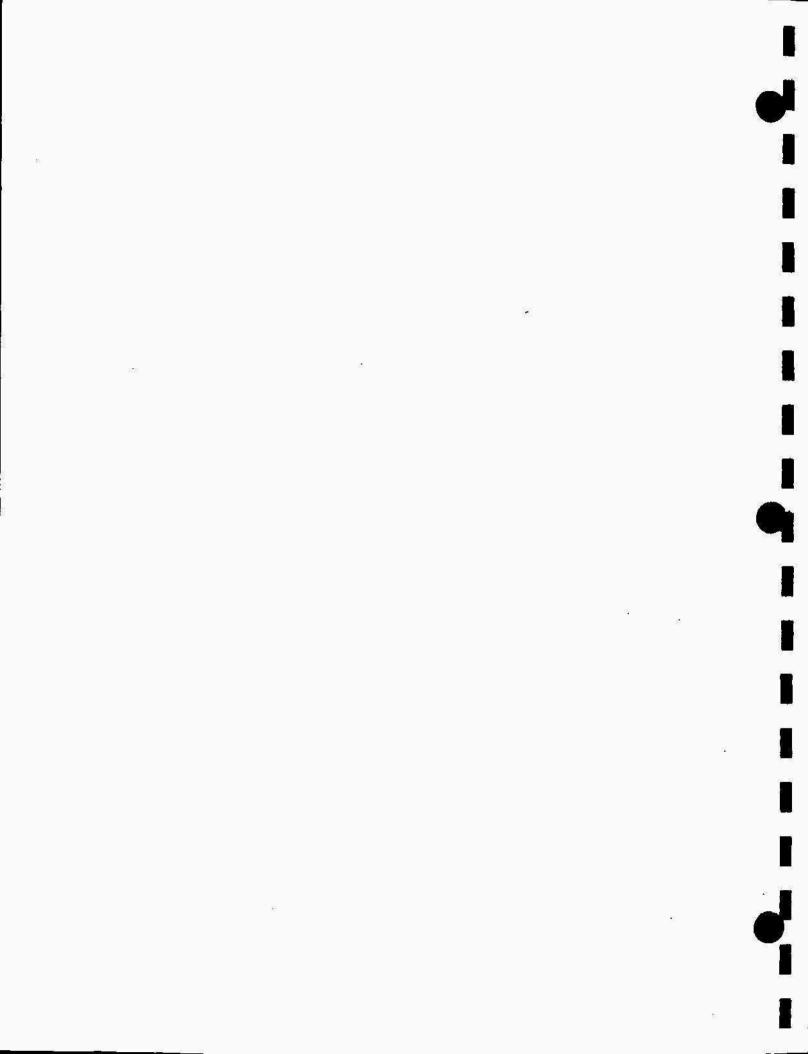
A database, which became operational in April 1996, contains all the VSP visitor studies results from 1988 through the present. To use the database it is necessary to have a database catalog, which lists the information contained in the database. Queries to the database will be accepted by phone, mail, cc:Mail, e:mail or fax and the same forms of media can be used to return the answer to you. Through the database, you can learn how the results of this VSP visitor study compare with those across the nation, or within a specific region, with other natural areas, or sorted in many other ways.

Phone/send database requests to:

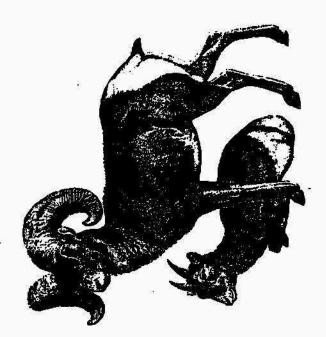
Visitor Services Project, CPSU College of Forestry, Wildlife and Range Sciences University of Idaho Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133 Phone: 208-885-2819 FAX: 208-885-4261 cc:Mail: VSP Database

e:mail: vspdatabase@uidaho.edu

# QUESTIONNAIRE



# Mojave National Preserve Visitor Study



The Visitor Services Project



# OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Visitor Services Project
Cooperative Park Studies Unit
Department of Forest Resources
College of Forestry, Wildlife and
Range Sciences
University of Idaho
Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133



# United States Department of the Interior

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE Mojave National Preserve 222 Eest Main Street, Smin 202 (619) 255-130 (619) 255-8809 Fax



Dear Visitor:

Thank you for participating in this important study. Our goal is to learn about the expectations, opinions, and interests of visitors to Mojave National Preserve. This will assist us in our efforts to better manage Mojave National Preserve and to serve you, the visitor.

This questionnaire is only being given to a select number of visitors, so your participation is very important! It should only take a few minutes during or after your visit.

When your visit is over, please complete the questionnaire. Seal it with the sticker provided on the last page and drop it in any U.S.

If you have any questions, please contact Dr. Gary E. Machlis, Sociology Project Leader, Cooperative Park Studies Unit, University of Idaho, Moscow, Idaho 83844-1133.

We appreciate your help.

Sincerely,

The state of the s

Superintendent

#### DIRECTIONS

One adult in your group should complete the questionnaire. It should only take a few minutes. When you have completed the questionnaire, please seal it with the sticker provided and drop it in any U.S. mailbox. We appreciate your help.

PRIVACY ACT and PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT statement: 16 U.S.C. 1a-7 authorizes collection of this information. This information will be used by park managers to better serve the public. Response to this request is voluntary. No action may be taken against you for refusing to supply the information requested. Your name is requested for follow-up mailing purposes only. When analysis of the questionnaire is completed, all name and address files will be destroyed. Thus the permanent data will be anonymous. Please do not put your name or that of any member of your group on the questionnaire. Data collected through visitor surveys may be disclosed to the Department of Justice when relevant to litigation or anticipated litigation, or to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies responsible for investigating or prosecuting a violation of law. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Burden estimate statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 12 minutes per response. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs of OMB, Attention Desk Officer for the Interior Department, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503; and to the Information Collection Clearance Officer, Audits and Accountability Team, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, D.C. 20013-7127.

PLEASE GO ON TO NEXT PAGE



# YOUR VISIT TO MOJAVE NATIONAL PRESERVE

ļ	On this trip to Mojave National Preserve, what other places have you visited or do you plan to visit? Please check (1) all that apply.
	LAS VEGAS, NV
	GRAND CANYON NATIONAL PARK, AZ
	LAKE MEAD NATIONAL RECREATION AREA, NV
	DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL PARK, CA
	JOSHUA TREE NATIONAL PARK, CA
	DESERT INFORMATION CENTER IN BARSTOW, CA
	FACTORY OUTLET MALL IN BARSTOW, CA
	BAKER, CA
	NEEDLES, CA
	NIPTON, CA
	CALICO GHOST TOWN, CA
	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT OFF HIGHWAY OPEN AREAS (Rasor, Dumont Dunes, Stoddard Valley, etc.)
	OTHER (Please specify:)
a)	Where did you and your group start your trip on the day you visited Mojave National Preserve?
	NEAREST TOWN
	STATE
b	) Where do you and your group plan to spend the night when you leave Mojave National Preserve?
	NEAREST TOWN
	STATE

# YOUR ACTIVITIES

3.	On the list below, please check $()$ all of the activities that you and your group participated in at Mojave National Preserve during this visit.
	DRIVE-THROUGH - (shortcut between Southern California and Las Vegas without stopping) → GO ON TO QUESTION 4  SIGHTSEE
	DAY HIKE
	CAMP IN DEVELOPED CAMPGROUND
	CAMP ALONG ROADSIDE
	OVERNIGHT BACKPACK
	BICYCLE
	HORSEBACK RIDE
	ROCK CLIMB
	VIEW PETROGLYPHS/ROCK ART
	DRIVE ON PAVED ROADS
	DRIVE ON UNPAVED ROADS
	NATURE STUDY (observe wildlife, view wildflowers, etc.)
	VISIT MINE RUINS/HISTORIC SITES
	OTHER (Please describe:
4.	On this visit, how much time did you and your group spend at Mojave National Preserve?
	If less than 24 hours: NUMBER OF HOURS
	If 24 hours or more:NUMBER OF DAYS
	PLEASE GO ON TO NEXT PAGE

5.	MUJAVE	ne list below, p e National Pre lace you visite	serve duri	na inis irin 🤌	imnly cha	ck the line h	acida
2	c	LARK MOUN	TAIN ARE	<b>A</b> s		ROCK S	PRINGS
2	c	ARUTHERS (	CANYON		<del>)</del>	MOJAVE	ROAD
-	W	/ILD HORSE (	CANYON F	CAO	<u> 20 - 30 - 20</u>	ZZYZX	
11=	м	ID HILLS CAI	MPGROUM	ND	<u></u>	FORT PI	UTE
8-	H	OLE-IN-THE-	WALL CAN	/PGROUND	<u>2</u>	KELSO I	DEPOT
584	PI	ROVIDENCE/	MITCHELL	. CAVERNS	n <del></del>	KELSO	DUNES
-	TE	EUTONIA PEA	K/CIMA D	OME			
: <u>-</u>	М	D HILLS TO I	HOLE-IN-T	HE-WALL TF	RAIL		
b)	Where Using 1	did you and y the map below	our group v, please c	first enter Mo ircle the num	ojave Natio	nal Preserve you first ent	∍? ered.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	
C)	Where map be	did you and y slow, please o	our group ircle the n	leave Mojave umber of the :	National	Preserve? (	Jsing the preserve.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	*C 514 190. ST-VESSEL 2014 1.4 F.C. A. T. 14504*
	70 Bar 2000	7	Teuro Cin Lave Beds / Cinder Cone	Mad Hills Campground Wad Horse Canyon Road	Rock Springs Springs Mid HillsTo H in-the-Wall T	Fort Piute rail	Mogave Road To Needles

To Barglow (40)

YOU	AND	YOUR	ODIN	HONE
		1 2 2 2 1		

6. On this view have		*	
O. On this visit, NOW	many people w	ere in your group?	
	ER OF PEOPLE		\$
7. a) On this visit, w	ere you with an	organized tour group?	ii.
YES		NO	
b) On this visit, w	ere vou with an	educational group?	
YES		NE NE HO	
<u> </u>		NO	
8. On this visit, what	kind of group w	ere you with? Please c	heck (√) only one.
ALONE			
FAMIL	Ý		
FRIEN	DS		
FAMILY	Y AND FRIENDS		
OTHER	l (Please describ	)e:	
9. For you and you			£
	CHOOCHE		
	AGE	U.S. ZIP CODE OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK
YOURSELF	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
YOURSELF MEMBER #2	AGE	OR NAME OF	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
MEMBER #2	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
MEMBER #2	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
MEMBER #2 MEMBER #3 MEMBER #4	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)
MEMBER #2 MEMBER #3 MEMBER #4 MEMBER #5	AGE	OR NAME OF FOREIGN COUNTRY	TO THIS PARK (INCLUDING THIS VISIT)

- 10. a) Please check (√) the visitor services and facilities which you and your group used during this visit to Mojave National Preserve.
  - b) Next, for only those services and facilities which you and your group used, please rate their importance from 1-5.
  - c) Finally, for only those services and facilities which you or your group used, please rate their quality from 1-5.

Use service/ facility?	If used, how important? Very Not	If used, what quality? <sup>Very</sup> Very
	important important	good poor
	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
PARK BROCHURE/MAP	( <del>- 144)</del>	3 <del>4-4</del>
HOLE-IN-THE-WALL VISITOR	CENTER	V2 <u>V</u> 3 56
BAKER VISITOR CENTER	**************************************	**************************************
ASSISTANCE FROM PARK EN	IPLOYEES	10 TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL TO TH
RANGER-LED PROGRAMS	507 - 507 79505	8
WEATHER INFORMATION	<u> </u>	
SAFETY INFORMATION BROC	HURES	22 1702H
ROADSIDE EXHIBITS	NO F	W - Wil 2855
DIRECTIONAL SIGNS		
TRAILS	**************************************	NS 1/2
ROADS	26.— 21	-
RESTROOMS	86 - 187 - 387 - 387	
PICNIC AREA	N=	**************************************
TENT CAMPING		5 <del>1 - 5, 5, 5, 1</del> (5)
RV CAMPING	966	(2 <del>00. 7 - 40</del> )(
STATEMENT OF THE STATEM	<del></del>	

During this visit to Mojave National Preserve, approximately how much money did you and your group spend for lodging, travel, food, and other
items within a one hour drive of Mojave National Preserve? The area within a one hour drive includes Shoshone, Primm (State Line), Needles.
Laughlin, Barstow, and Twentynine Palms, but not Las Vegas. Please write

	o ii you aiiu	your group di	a nor shana	any mone	E	lonay speni	
				w	thin 1 hr	drive of p	reserve
	LODGING (ho	tel, motel, ca	mping, etc.)		. \$		_
	TRAVEL (gas,	car rental, et	c.)		\$		( <u>188</u>
	FOOD (restau	rant, grocerie	s, etc.)		\$		
	OTHER (souv	enirs, books,	maps, film, g	lifts, etc.)	. <b>S</b> _	404.4	
			Issu	es			
12.	If it would inc	rease funds t ay an entran	o operate M ce fee of \$5	ojave Nat to \$10 pe	ional Pre r vehicle	serve, woul on a future	d you visit?
	YES		NC	)		NOT 9	SURE
13.	Please use the felt that the puring your tr	ark was crow	ded in the n	umber of i	hether yo people or	ou and your vehicles pr	group esent
				How ere	wded?		
			Not at all crowded			Extremely crowded	Don't know
	NUMBER OF	PEOPLE	1	2	3	4	DK
	NUMBER OF	VEHICLES	1	2	3	4	DK
14.	a) Please rate Mojave Na	e (from 1 to 5 tional Preser	) how safe y ve, by circlir	ou and yo	ur group iber on t	felt while vi	siting low.
	Very safe				Ver	y unsafe	
	Ť.	2	3	4		5	
	b) If you felt u	insafe, why?	Please expl	ain:		5 <u>40</u> - 27	2010015
	P6						
	191 S/8008M (70	17/4/1	a shedipartement the	3.000	ACCOUNTS AND	OLUME ST.	

 Please rate the importance (from 1 to 5) of the following park features or qualities to you and your group during this visit to Mojave National Preserve.

			173 C 500		
How important?	Not important	3 <u> </u>	Important	- 26	Extremely important
SCENIC VISTAS	a je	2	3	4	5
DESERT EXPERIENCE	**	2	3	4	5
VIEWING WILDLIFE	1	2	3	4	5
VIEWING WILDFLOWERS	1	2	3	4	5
CLEAN AIR	1	2	3	4	5
SOLITUDE/QUIET	1	2	3	4	5
WILDERNESS/OPEN SPACE	1	2	3	4	- 5
STARGAZING/NIGHT SKY	*	2	3	4	5
HISTORIC/PREHISTORIC SITE PRESERVATION	1	2	3	4	5
TOURING 4X4 BACKCOUNTRY UNPAVED ROADS	1	2	3	4	5
HUNTING	1	2	3	4	5

16. Mojave National Preserve is a new preserve with limited facilities. Please check (√) whether you would like to see more, less, or the present number of the following facilities on a future visit.

Facility	More	Present ok	Less	Don't know
VISITOR CENTERS	W- 8 W	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
RESTROOMS	<del></del>	10 <del></del>	38-3-80-20 W	At 85 (%
CAMPGROUNDS	•	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Va 20 17	* 70
PICNIC AREAS	Pr. <u>86 PARS</u> TS			
ROADS	# <u>*********</u> **			
PULLOUTS	96 10K 94	0.10 decade 20	2 34	N
DIRECTIONAL SIGNS	12000000	V3 25 (W	10 Tel	W <del></del>
ROADSIDE EXHIBITS	45 200	fil. Or	***************************************	<del></del>
TRAILS	## E	3 <b>4</b>	<del></del>	V-10012
	4-3-3-3-3	<del></del>	V <u> V V</u>	S <u> </u>

	11 <u>40 540 24430 01 25</u>				×
			ir 1	1000 0000 000 000 1000	<del>2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -</del>
				The state of the s	
	90 - 100 - 1		## 12 ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##		
	191. 182.				38 11 75 71 1000 1000 1000
			16 %	4 <del>1 20 10 141611</del>	
18.	Is there anything to Mojave Nation	else you and al Preserve?	your group would	d like to tell	us about your vis
		- 24 - 37 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11	<del></del>	- 20 - 10 - 20 - 20	
		<del>V. 11-5. X. 0. V.</del>			r
	19 <del>77   1976   1978  </del>	<del>-11-11</del> -11		- 5 - 8 - 8 - 8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	V-20	NA NA 128			
		<del></del>		9 N 900	10 30 a
	7				
			<u> </u>		
				<u> </u>	
19.	Overall, how wor you and your grocircle only one.	ald you rate th	e quality of the v National Preserv	lsitor service e during thi	es provided to s visit? Please
19.	you and your are	uld you rate thoup at Mojave	National Presen	isitor service re during thi	es provided to s visit? Please VERY POOR
19.	circle only one. VERY GOOD	GOOD	AVERAGE	e during thi	s visit? Please VERY POOR

# **Visitor Services Project Publications**

Reports 1-6 (pilot studies) are available from the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit. All other VSP reports listed are available from the parks where the studies were conducted.

#### 1982

 Mapping interpretive services: A pilot study at Grand Teton National Park

#### 1983

- Mapping interpretive services: Identifying barriers to adoption and diffusion of the method
- Mapping interpretive services: A follow-up study at Yellowstone National Park and Mt Rushmore National Memorial
- Mapping visitor populations: A pilot study at Yellowstone National Park

#### 1985

- 5. North Cascades National Park Service Complex
- 6. Crater Lake National Park

#### 1986

- 7. Gettysburg National Military Park
- 8. Independence National Historical Park
- 9. Valley Forge National Historical Park

#### 1987

- 10. Colonial National Historical Park
- 11. Grand Teton National Park
- 12. Harpers Ferry National Historical Park
- 13. Mesa Verde National Park
- 14. Shenandoah National Park
- 15. Yellowstone National Park
- Independence National Historical Park: Four Seasons Study

#### 1988

- 17. Glen Canyon National Recreational Area
- 18. Denali National Park and Preserve
- 19. Bryce Canyon National Park
- 20. Craters of the Moon National Monument

#### 1989

- 21. Everglades National Park
- 22. Statue of Liberty National Monument
- 23. The White House Tours, President's Park (summer)
- 24. Lincoln Home National Historical Site
- 25. Yellowstone National Park
- 26. Delaware Water Gap National Recreation Area
- 27. Muir Woods National Monument

#### 1990

- 28. Canyonlands National Park
- 29. White Sands National Monument
- 30. National Monuments
- 31. Kenai Fjords National Park
- 32. Gateway National Recreation Area
- 33. Petersburg National Battlefield
- 34. Death Valley National Monument
- 35. Glacier National Park
- 36. Scott's Bluff National Monument
- 37. John Day Fossil Beds National Monument

#### 1991

- 38. Jean Lafitte National Historical Park
- 39. Joshua Tree National Monument
- 40. The White House Tours, President's Park (spring)
- 41. Natchez Trace Parkway
- 42. Stehekin-North Cascades NP/ Lake Chelan NRA
- 43. City of Rocks National Reserve
- 44. The White House Tours, President's Park (fall)

#### 1992

- 45. Big Bend National Park
- 46. Frederick Douglass National Historic Site
- 47. Glen Echo Park
- 48. Bent's Old Fort National Historic Site
- 49. Jefferson National Expansion Memorial
- 50. Zion National Park
- 51. New River Gorge National River
- 52. Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park
- 53. Arlington House-The Robert E. Lee Memorial

#### 1993

- 54. Belle Haven Park/Dyke Marsh Wildlife Preserve
- 55. Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area
- 56. Whitman Mission National Historic Site
- 57. Sitka National Historical Park
- 58. Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore (summer)
- 59. Redwood National Park
- 60. Channel Islands National Park
- 61. Pecos National Historical Park
- 62. Canyon de Chelly National Monument
- 63. Bryce Canyon National Park

## Visitor Services Project Publications (continued)

#### 1994

- 64. Death Valley National Monument Backcountry
- 65. San Antonio Missions National Historical Park
- 66. Anchorage Alaska Public Lands Information Center
- 67. Wolf Trap Farm Park for the Performing Arts
- 68. Nez Perce National Historical Park
- 69. Edison National Historic Site
- 70. San Juan Island National Historical Park
- 71. Canaveral National Seashore
- 72. Indiana Dunes National Lakeshore (fall)
- 73. Gettysburg National Military Park

#### 1995

- 74. Grand Teton National Park (winter)
- 75. Yellowstone National Park (winter)
- 76. Bandelier National Monument
- 77. Wrangell-St. Elias National Park & Preserve
- 78. Adams National Historic Site
- 79. Devils Tower National Monument
- 80. Manassas National Battlefield Park
- 81. Booker T. Washington National Monument
- 82. San Francisco Maritime National Historical Park
- 83. Dry Tortugas National Park

#### 1996

- 84. Everglades National Park
- 85. Chiricahua National Monument
- 86. Fort Bowie National Historic Site
- 87. Great Falls Park, Virginia
- 88. Great Smoky Mountains National Park (summer)
- 89. Chamizal National Memorial
- 90. Death Valley National Park
- 91. Prince William Forest Park
- 92. Great Smoky Mountains National Park (summer & fall)

#### 1997

- 93. Virgin Islands National Park
- 94. Mojave National Preserve

For more information about the Visitor Services Project, please contact the University of Idaho Cooperative Park Studies Unit; phone (208) 885-7863.

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November 1997

